

PMP Publications

Other titles available from PMP Publications

for SEAG Entrance Assessment preparation

- * Parent-Pupil English Information File 1: *Punctuation, Grammar and Spelling*
- * Parent-Pupil English Information File 2: Comprehension and Vocabulary
- * English Punctuation, Grammar and Spelling (39 check-up exercises)
- * English Punctuation, Grammar 1 Spring Test Pack 2 (27 check-up exercises)
- * English Comprehension The k 1 (Neests)
- * English Comprek
- * Parent-Purch Maths Information File 1: Number
 * Parent-Purch Mather formation File 2: Measures
 * Purcht-Puple and Sinformation File 3: Shape and Space
 Parent Tupil Luchs Information File 4: Handling Data
 * Uns Quarion Test Pack (6 tests)
- * Practice Tests Series 1 (3 complete tests)
- * Practice Tests Series 2 (3 complete tests)
- * Practice Tests Series 3 (3 complete tests)

Contents

Introduction	7
Punctuation, Grammar and Spelling	9
Parts of Speech Helpful Hints to Identify Parts of Speech in Verten English Nouns Verbs Adjectives Adverbs Pronouns	10 10 12 12 13 14
Prepositions	15
Conjunctions	17
Parts of Speech Check-up	19
Homophones	20
Homophones Cherrop	22
Prefixes	23
Common prefixes	23
Prefixes (Concept)	24
Suffixes	25
Common – Concept word endings	26
Control – tion/–sion word endings Control – tion/–sion word endings	27 28 29
Common ent/-ant word endings	30
Commonel/-le word endings	31
se spelling rules for adding Suffixes	32
for spelling words that end in –ed or –ing	33
Rules for adding –est to the end of words	33
Rules for adding –ful to the end of words	33
king Plurals from Singular Nouns	35
Rules for making plurals	36
Examples of nouns that break the normal rules	36
Plurals/Suffixes Check-up	37
Word Middles	38
Common ie/ei and ai/ia word middles	38
Common ee/e word middles	39
Punctuation	40
Capital letters	40
Full stops	40
Commas	40
Colons	42
Semi-colons	43
Brackets	44
Question marks	44
Exclamation marks	44
Hyphens	45
Speech marks	45
Apostrophes	47



Introduction

This Information File is a complete revision package covering all aspects of the **Punctuation, Grammar and Spelling** element required for the SEAG Entrance Assessment. It also covers the content and syllabus of the Northern Ireland Curriculum for Language and Literacy at the end of Key Stage 2.

The Information File comprises:

- * A comprehensive reference file detailing all aspects of the **Punctuation**, **Grammar and Spelling** element required for the SEAG Entrance Assessment and at the end Key Stage 2. The content, wh should be learnt, is ortlined briefly in a number a second converse.
- * Check-up examples and example questions to assess children's unconstant of a variety of Punctuation, Grammar and the line, roces. Answers are given in the Analysis Key sector at the back of the book.
- * 3 The Unctuation, Grammar and Spelling aspect of the BEAG Entrance Assessment.



Parts of Speech

It is important that the various parts of speech in written English are understood and can be identified in a variety of forms of writing, e.g. poems, advertisements, prose.

NEED TO KNOW

Children need to know the following parts of speech and be able to identify them in a variety of contexts:

- * nouns
- * verbs
- ✤ adjectives
- * adverbs
- * pronouns
- * prepositions and
- * corrections

Nouns:	naming words: on, pt. or ling
Verbs:	doing words ascrib n activ
Adjectives:	describing were describe nouns
Adverbs:	descriptions scribe verbs
Pronouns:	words in the stead houns
Prepositions:	and be se a noun or pronoun
Conjunctions:	ds ds

Helpful Hints to heatify Part of Speech in Written English

Nouns

Nouns are used that have things you can often touch and see, like opersection lactor a thing.

y, roof, person, girl, ground, book, Kevin, beach

You can usually (but not always) identify a noun as the words 'a' or 'an' can be put in front of them,

P Examples

an explanation a ball a beginning N, O, U, N,

Prepositions



Prepositions show the

relationship between two things in a sentence, e.g. a person, place or animal. They give extra information about either:

- 1. the *time* an event happened, or
- 2. the *place* where an event took place.



Suffixes

A suffix is a letter or a group of letters that can be placed at the end of a word.

Children should try to learn or be familiar with words that have common endings, particularly those listed in the NEED TO KNOW box. These common word endings are outlined in the pages that follow.

NEED TO KNOW

Children should know a variety of common word endings, and be able to complete words using an appropriate ending, e.g. * -ance/-ence * -ar/-or/-er

- * -tion/-sion
- ✤ –able/–ibl
- ✤ –ent/–ant
- ∗ –al/–el/–le.



Children may be required to complete words, using an appropriate word ending, e.g.

entr ance/ence	\Rightarrow	entrance
may ar/er/or	\Rightarrow	mayor
atten sion/tion	\Rightarrow	attention

Children might be asked, for example, to match a selection of word beginnings to their appropriate suffix.

tion	_sion
application	admission
collection	compulsion
correction	decision
creation	explosion
destruction	expulsion
explanation	invasion
imagination	provision
introduction	revision
invitation	
occupation	
preparation	
publication	
reduction	
revelation	
	•
<i>New list</i> ould be added to	as children meet unfamiliar words.
ords en ing in -sion are less co	ommon and can be more easily learnt.
Example aestion	
4 The following words end in -tion	or – sion.
Write the correct ending for eac	h one:
atten reduc	divi
informa man	calcula

Common -tion/-sion word endings

Plurals/Suffixes Check-up



Word Middles

Common ie/ei and ai/ia word middles

NEED TO KNOW

Children should know the sequence of letters within words, e.q. * ie/ei, bel<u>ie</u>ve, c<u>ei</u>ling * ai/ia, s<u>ai</u>lor, d<u>ia</u>l * ee/e, exc**ee**d, rec**e**de

-ie-	-ei-	-ai-	-ia-	
achieve	ceiling	failure	viliar	
believe	deceive	maize	al	
fierce	foreign	plaice	dh	
niece	neighbour	portrait	diam	
pierce	neither	sailor	diamond	
tier	receive		e ntial	
	veil		nmediately	
	vein		material	
			parliament	
			viaduct	
		•		
Words with an ei p	pat in etc.s	Words with an ia p	oattern are less	
common an b	e m easily	common and can be more easily		
learnt.		learnt.		
. This	should be added to	as children meet unfam	iliar words.	

? Example **destion**

The following words have either **ie** or **ei** in the middle.

Write the correct spelling for each one:

h _____ r

th _____ r

bel _____ ve for _____ gn

-ee	-е
beef	adhere
cheek	athlete
discreetly	cede
exceed	delete
freeze	concede
heed	compete
jeer	concrete
peek	extreme
redeem	gene
seed	persevere
seen	preced
sheen	recede
sheer	
speech	Jeven
sweep	1CF
	s, e
	as children meet unfamiliar words.
E mple estic	
The following words have either e	ee or e in the middle.
White the connect challing for ag	ch ana.

Common ee/e word middles

Write the correct spelling for each one:

prec___de

persev____re

red____m

conc___de

Mark:

/ 15

PUNCTUATION, GRAMMAR AND SPELLING

Test 1

Children should have **15 minutes** to complete this test.

DATE OF TEST					
De	ау	Month		Year	

Candidate's Name

Punctuation Exercise In this exercise there are some mistakes with **punctuation** or use of tters. On each numbered line there is either **one** mistake or **no** mistake. Find the group ord h the mistake in it and circle its letter. If there is no mistake cle N. 1 "No, you can't go to the football ma hn! ather. Ν R Π 2 "I hope I win the competiti ay!" e imed Azeem. Maybe В С I'll get a prize." Ν D 3 rlene, A ed and Eva all live near Wembley Stadium in London. С В D **î** N Δ Richarensked, "Are we having a treat after our meal" Α В С D Ν 5 "Hooray! Hooray! Have we actually won the cup" В shrieked the hockey coach. Ν D С

Grammar Exercise

In this exercise you have to choose the best word, or group of words, to complete each numbered line so that the passage makes sense and is written in correct English. **Circle the letter below which represents the best answer**.



Spelling Exercise

In this exercise there are some **spelling** mistakes. On each numbered line there is either **one** mistake or **no** mistake. Find the group of words with the mistake in it and **circle its letter. If there is no mistake, circle N.**







EXAMPLE QUESTIONS & CHECK-UPS

Parts of Speech Check-up

- page 19
- 1. An <u>elephant</u> has a long <u>trunk</u> and big <u>ears</u>.
- Before school the children washed their faces and brushed their hair.
- The monarch took the crown <u>gently</u> and <u>humbly</u> knelt before his subjects.
- I have visited Europe, South Africa, New Zealand <u>and</u> many of the islands in the Pacific Ocean.
- 5. There are four seasons <u>in</u> the year: Spring, Summer, Autun and Winter.
- <u>Dominique</u> sometimes
 her sister's clothes.
- 7. Amy told <u>us</u> that <u>it</u> was a walk to <u>her</u>
- 8. I had a <u>substantial</u>, however, I am and <u>hungry</u>, and build eat an over <u>huge</u> mad.
- 9. The lock eagle used <u>swiftly</u> into the lock on <u>expertly</u> caught a fish in its powerful talons.
- Plants grow quicker in the summer <u>because</u> there is more sunlight <u>and</u> warmth.
- 11. At Ascot we <u>admire</u> the ladies' hats.
- Polar bears have white fur, which helps <u>them</u> blend into <u>their</u> snowy environment.

- The <u>cheeky</u> child, Steven, was <u>careful</u> when speaking to his <u>jolly</u> friend.
- 14. The Dodo <u>of</u> Mauritius was hunted <u>to</u> extinction <u>by</u> sailors.

Homophones Check-up page 22

- 1. their, there
- 2. where, were
- 3. Are, our
- 4. here, hear
- 5. Where, were
- 6. the there
- 7. too, t

8

11.

- te, rit
 - he here
 - to, too
 - rite, right, right
 - , our, our, are

Prefixes Check-up

page 24

- 1. <u>in</u>justice,
- 2. <u>im</u>polite
- 3. <u>ir</u>reverent
- 4. <u>un</u>important
- 5. <u>dis</u>honour
- 6. <u>dis</u>allow
- 7. <u>un</u>dress
- 8. <u>un</u>equal
- 9. <u>ir</u>regular
- 10. <u>mis</u>behave
- 11. <u>un</u>kind
- 12. <u>dis</u>agree
- 13. <u>un</u>comfortable
- 14. <u>il</u>logical
- 15. <u>im</u>mature
- 16. <u>un</u>healthy